

DCI™ UNIVERSAL TOURNAMENT RULES

Effective January 2, 2006

Introduction

The DCI Universal Tournament Rules help maintain fair and consistent worldwide sanctioned tournament play for every game the DCI players' organization supports. The DCI Universal Tournament Rules apply to all games, in addition to the DCI Floor Rules specific to each game. In order to maintain this tournament system, participants and officials must treat each other in a fair and respectful manner, following both the rules and the spirit in which they were created. DCI members that violate sections of the Universal Tournament Rules or the game's DCI Floor Rules will be subject to the appropriate provisions of the DCI Penalty Guidelines and further DCI review.

Please see Appendix B for definitions of terms in this document.

Please see Appendix C for a list of the changes from previous versions of this document.

1. GENERAL DCI TOURNAMENT RULES

2. DCI-Supported Games

The following games are supported by the Universal Tournament Rules:

- **Axis & Allies** Miniatures™
- **Duel Masters**™ trading card game
- **Dungeons & Dragons**™ Miniatures
- **Football Champions**™ trading card game
- **Hecatomb**™ trading card game
- **Magic: The Gathering**® trading card game
- **MLB**™ **Showdown**™ sports card game
- **Neopets**® trading card game
- **Star Wars**™ Miniatures
- **Star Wars**™ trading card game

The **Risk 2210**™ Floor Rules contain their own Penalty Guidelines.

DCI Floor Rules for each of the games listed above are located at www.thedci.com/docs.

3. Player Eligibility

Anyone is eligible to participate in a DCI-sanctioned tournament except the following:

- The tournament organizer of record
- The head judge and all other judges of the event (DCI certified and non-certified).
- Tournament officials, staff or volunteers (see appendix B).
- Players currently suspended by the DCI. The current DCI Suspended Player list is located at www.wizards.com/default.asp?x=dc/suspended
- Other players specifically prohibited from participation by DCI or Wizards of the Coast policy (for example, already qualified players may not participate in **Magic: The Gathering** Pro Tour™ Qualifier tournaments)
- Invitation-only tournaments, such as Pro Tour events, have additional criteria regarding player eligibility
- Wizards of the Coast and Hasbro corporate employees and immediate family members. Additional restrictions based on employment status are listed under Corporate Employees in Appendix B.

Players with questions regarding their tournament eligibility should contact the DCI Policy Manager.

4. Necessary Tournament Materials

A player must bring the following items to a tournament in order to participate:

- A visible and reliable method to maintain and record game information (tokens, score counters, pen and paper, and so on).
- A valid and unique DCI number registered in the participant's name. **Note:** New players must register for DCI membership at their first tournaments. Players may have only one DCI number. Tournament organizers must report any player using more than one DCI membership number. Should players find they have been assigned multiple DCI numbers, they should contact the Wizards of the Coast Customer Service at <http://wizards.custhelp.com/>
- Any materials specifically required for a particular tournament format, as required by the game's DCI Floor Rules or the tournament organizer.
Example: Players need to bring their assembled decks to Constructed tournaments.

5. Wagering

Players and tournament officials may not wager, ante, or bet on the outcome of any portion of a tournament.

6. Publishing Event Information

Wizards of the Coast reserves the right to publish event information such as the contents of a player's deck as well as transcripts or video reproductions of any DCI-sanctioned tournament at any time (including during the tournament). Tournament organizers also are allowed to publish this information.

Wizards of the Coast reserves the right to publish penalty and suspension information.

7. Document Updates

Wizards of the Coast reserves the right to alter these rules, the DCI Floor Rules of any particular DCI-sanctioned game, as well as the right to interpret, modify, clarify or otherwise issue official changes to these rules without prior notice.

Document updates are available at www.thedci.com/docs.

10. TOURNAMENT RESPONSIBILITIES

11. Event-Knowledge Responsibilities

Competitors, judges, and organizers involved in DCI-sanctioned tournaments are responsible for knowing and following the most current version of the Universal Tournament Rules, the DCI Floor Rules for the appropriate game, and any other applicable regulatory documents, including the game rules for the appropriate game.

12. Tournament Organizer Responsibilities

- The tournament organizer of an event is ultimately responsible for all tournament operations. The tournament organizer's responsibilities include, but are not limited to, the following:
- Selecting the site for the event
- Advertising the tournament sufficiently in advance of the event date
- Providing all materials to operate the event (product at Sealed Deck events, for example)
- Taking reasonable steps to assure that suspended or otherwise ineligible DCI members do not participate in their DCI-sanctioned tournaments
- Retaining all tournament results for one full year after the event's completion
- Reporting all tournament results to the DCI within eight days of the event's completion
- Staffing the tournament with appropriate personnel (head judge, scorekeeper, etc.)

13. Player Responsibilities

- Players must follow the rules interpretations and guidelines for play set forth by the DCI, the head judge, and other tournament officials.
- Players are expected to behave in a respectful and sporting manner at all times.
- Players who argue with or fail to follow the instructions of the head judge or other tournament officials are subject to the appropriate provisions of the DCI Penalty Guidelines.
- Players are subject to the appropriate penalties even if a judge was present at the match at which the infraction occurred.
- Players are not permitted to waive penalties on behalf of their opponents. The judge must ensure that appropriate penalties, if any, are imposed.
- Players are responsible for maintaining an accurate rating and for informing the DCI of any discrepancies in their match history. If a player believes there is an anomaly in their rating, he or she should refer to the DCI Appeals Policy, located at <http://www.wizards.com/default.asp?x=dc/appeals>.
- Players that do not fulfill their responsibilities as described above may be subject to review by the DCI. Such a review may result in the suspension of a players' membership.

Wizards of the Coast and the DCI reserve the right to suspend or revoke a player's membership without prior notice for any reason deemed necessary.

14. Spectator and Press Responsibilities

Spectators are expected to remain silent during matches and are not permitted to communicate with players in any way while matches are in progress. Players may request that a spectator not observe their matches. All such requests must be made through a judge.

Spectators and members of the press who believe they have observed rules violations should inform a judge, but must not interfere with the match.

15. Judge Responsibilities

Judges have the responsibility to deliver fair, impartial rulings and to assist the head judge and other tournament officials in any area that is required to ensure a well-run tournament. Judges must take action to resolve any floor or game rule infraction they notice or that is brought to their attention.

16. Head Judge Responsibilities

Officially sanctioned competition requires the physical presence of a head judge during play to adjudicate disputes, interpret rules, assign penalties, and make other official decisions. The head judge may, with the tournament organizer's agreement, appoint any number of other judges to help in the performance of the head judge's duties and to perform other tasks the head judge may require. The head judge is responsible for reporting all warnings and disqualifications issued at the tournament to the DCI, either directly or through the tournament organizer's event report.

The head judge and tournament organizer can be, but do not have to be, the same individual. The head judge is the final judicial authority at any DCI-sanctioned tournament (see section 15, Judge Responsibilities).

Although it is beneficial, the head judge does not have to be a DCI-certified judge. Certification is available only to **Magic: The Gathering** judges at this time. For information on becoming a certified **Magic®** judge or finding a certified judge in your area, please contact the DCI judge certification manager at dcijudge@wizards.com.

17. Appeals to the Head Judge

If a player disagrees with a judge's decision, he or she may appeal the ruling to the head judge. The head judge has the authority to overrule other judges' decisions. Players may not appeal to the head judge before the judge responding to the situation renders an initial decision. The head judge's decision is final.

If the Team Leader judging system is used, all appeals must still be passed to the head judge, whose decision is final.

18. Lengthy Rulings

If a judge uses more than one minute to make a ruling, he or she may extend the match time appropriately. The extra time must be clearly communicated and recorded immediately by the judge.

20. TOURNAMENT MECHANICS

21. Shuffling

Shuffling must be done so that the faces of the cards cannot be seen. Regardless of the method used to shuffle, players' decks must be sufficiently randomized. Each time players shuffle their deck, they must present their deck to their opponent for additional shuffling and/or cutting. Players may request to have a judge shuffle their cards rather than pass that duty to their opponent, this request will be honored at a judge's discretion. By presenting their decks to their opponents, players are stating that their decks are correct, legal, and sufficiently randomized.

After decks are presented and accepted, any player who does not believe his or her opponent has made a reasonable effort to sufficiently randomize his or her deck must notify a judge. The head judge has final authority to determine whether a deck has been sufficiently randomized. The head judge also has the authority to determine if a player has used reasonable effort to randomize his or her deck. If the head judge believes that either the deck has not been sufficiently randomized or that a player has not made a reasonable effort to

randomize his or her deck, the player will be subject to the appropriate provisions of the DCI Penalty Guidelines.

At REL 3 and higher events players must always shuffle their opponents' decks at the beginning of games. The head judge can mandate the shuffling of opponents' decks at lower RELs (1 and 2) as long as he or she announces this at the beginning of the tournament. If a shuffling effect takes place during gameplay, players may shuffle and must cut their opponents' decks after the shuffling effect is completed.

Once players shuffle and/or cut their opponents' decks, the cards are returned to their original owners. If the opponent has shuffled the player's deck, that player may make one final cut.

22. Tardiness

Players are expected to be in their seats when each round begins. Players arriving at their seats after the round begins may be subject to tardiness penalties listed in the DCI Universal Penalty Guidelines. Players who fail to arrive at their seats by the end of any round will be dropped from the tournament.

At team events, if one or more members of a team are not in his or her seat by the end of the round, that team is automatically dropped from the tournament.

23. Pregame Time Limit

Before each game, competitors have three minutes to shuffle their decks and present them to their opponents for additional shuffling and/or cutting. This three-minute period includes sideboarding, if applicable, but does not include shuffling an opponent's deck or resolving any mulligans—if the DCI Floor Rules for the game in question specifically allow mulligans. Any mulligans or shuffling of opponents' decks must be done in a timely manner before games begin. Shuffling requirements specified in section 21 apply during these steps.

If a player is subject to a deck check, that player will be given an amount of extra time equal to the time the check required plus three minutes.

24. Midgame Shuffling Time Limit

A reasonable time limit will be allowed for all shuffling and deck-searching that occurs during a game. Player should be allowed thirty seconds to conduct simple searches; more complicated searches may be allowed more time at the judge's discretion.

If a judge determines that a player's shuffling time is excessive, that player will be subject to the appropriate provisions of the DCI Penalty Guidelines. Shuffling requirements specified in Section 21 apply.

25. Conceding Games or Matches

Players may concede a game or match at any time within the following guidelines. The conceded game or match is recorded as a loss for the conceding player. If a player refuses to play, it is assumed that he or she concedes the match.

The following actions are prohibited:

- Offering or accepting a bribe or prize split in exchange for the win, loss, concession, drop, or draw of a match
- Attempting to determine the winner of a game or match by a random method, such as a coin flip or die roll

Players who engage in these actions will be subject to the appropriate provisions of the DCI Penalty Guidelines.

Players are allowed to share prizes they have won as they wish, such as with teammates, as long as any such sharing does not occur as an exchange for the win, loss, concession, drop or draw of a game or match.

EXCEPTION: Players in the final match of the single-elimination portion of a tournament have the option not to play their match. If both players of the final match agree not to play, one of them must agree to drop from the event (in order for prizes to be awarded). The DCI ratings of the players will not be affected because no match will have been played. The dropping player receives the second-place prize, and the other finalist receives the first-place prize.

Example: Two players in the final of a Pro Tour Qualifier may agree to split the prizes (the travel award and the Pro Tour invitation), but this agreement cannot alter the results of the match. One player must drop from the event, leaving the travel award and the invitation to the player who did not drop from the event. That player is then free to split the prizes as agreed upon. The prizes will be sent only to the winner (that is, the finalist who did not drop); Wizards of the Coast will not send the Pro Tour invitation to one person and the travel award to another person.

26. Withdrawing from an Event

Players choosing to withdraw from an event must inform the scorekeeper before the pairings for the next round are generated. Players leaving the tournament after the scorekeeper begins pairing for the next round receive a match loss in the upcoming round and will be removed from the event after that round. Players who leave the tournament for a round or more are dropped from the tournament and may not reenter.

Special rules apply to Limited events (see section 64).

If a player withdraws from a tournament after a cut has been made, such as a cut to the Top 8 in a Pro Tour Qualifier, a player is not advanced to replace the player who withdrew.

27. Intentional Draw

Players may mutually agree to accept an intentional draw at any time before the match or game result of a Swiss round is submitted. This agreement should not be regarded as a violation of section 41. Declaring an intentional draw has the same results for competitors as playing to a draw. For example, if two players choose to draw their match during the Swiss rounds of a **Magic** tournament, each would receive 1 match point.

28. Taking Notes

Players are allowed to take brief written notes regarding the current match and may refer to those notes while this match is in progress. Players are expected to take their notes in a timely fashion. Players who take too much time will be subject to the appropriate provisions of the DCI Penalty Guidelines.

During draft tournaments, players and spectators may not take any notes. Players may *not* refer to outside notes during the match. This includes notes from previous matches of that day.

Cards used in a tournament may not have writing on their faces other than signatures or artistic modifications. Modifications may not obscure the artwork so as to make the card unrecognizable. If modifications to a card are deemed by the head judge to constitute outside notes or unsporting conduct, the player using such cards will be subject to the appropriate provisions of the DCI Penalty Guidelines.

29. Electronic Devices

The head judge or tournament organizer may choose not to allow players to participate with electronic devices (such as cellular phones, headphones, pagers, and/or portable audio units) turned on.

30. TOURNAMENT CARD STATUS RULES

31. Cards Allowed

Cards in a player's deck must be produced by the game's manufacturer or an official partner approved by the DCI. Please refer to the DCI Floor Rules for the appropriate game for additional information.

32. Card Interpretation

The head judge is the final authority regarding card interpretations. See the DCI Floor Rules for the appropriate game for more detailed rules regarding how cards should be interpreted. If the head judge determines that a player is using non-English-language cards and/or misprints to create an advantage by using misleading text or artwork, that player will be subject to the appropriate provisions of the DCI Penalty Guidelines.

33. Card Elevation

Players must keep their cards above the level of the playing surface at all times, including during sideboarding. Revealing your hand to your opponent is not considered a violation of the DCI Universal Tournament Rules.

34. Proxy Cards

The use of proxy cards is not permitted except under the following conditions:

- If a card becomes accidentally damaged or excessively worn through play in the current DCI-sanctioned tournament, the judge may provide a proxy replacement card at his or her discretion or require the player to sleeve all of his or her cards before play continues.
- If a card opened out of sealed product for use in a Limited tournament is misprinted, miscut, or otherwise damaged in a way that would cause the card to be marked, the judge may provide a proxy replacement card at his or her discretion.

Players are not permitted to create a proxy. When a judge creates a proxy for a player, it is included in the player's deck. The original card is kept close at hand during the match. When the proxy is in play, replace it with the original. When the original card returns to the player's deck/hand, swap it with the proxy. This replacement method helps ensure that the opponent is able to clearly see the intended card and to avoid confusion.

The term "proxy" includes counterfeit cards or any card that is not a genuine game card. Counterfeiters will be prosecuted to the fullest extent of the law.

35. Card Sleeves

Players may use plastic card sleeves or other protective devices on cards. If a player chooses to use card sleeves, all cards in the player's current deck must be placed in the sleeves in an identical manner. If the sleeves feature holograms or other similar markings, cards must be inserted into the sleeves so these markings appear only on the face of the cards.

Once a match begins, a player may request that the judge inspect an opponent's card sleeves. The judge may disallow a player's card sleeves if the judge believes they are marked, worn, or otherwise in a condition or of a design that interferes with shuffling or game play. To avoid confusion, a card sleeve may also be used to mark a player's card if the card is in an opponent's playing area.

36. Turned Cards

If a card must be turned as a part of the game rules to indicate a particular effect, it must be turned approximately 90 degrees or 180 degrees, whichever is appropriate for the game and / or effect.

37. Game Markers

Game markers, such as tokens or reminders of a game effect, may not be designated by cards with identical backs as the cards in a player's deck if the deck is unsleeved. If the deck is sleeved, game markers may not have sleeve backs identical to those on the cards in the player's deck.

No game markers of any kind may be placed on top of or in a location that obscures a player's deck. A judge may disallow the use of game markers that may cause confusion with regard to the state of the game, or that are deemed inappropriate or offensive.

38. Deck Checks

At all premier events and all events of REL 3 or higher, deck checks must be performed. For all events, the DCI strongly recommends that at least ten percent of all decks be checked over the course of the tournament.

40. TOURNAMENT VIOLATIONS

41. Cheating

Cheating will not be tolerated. The head judge reviews all cheating allegations, and if he or she determines that a player has cheated, he or she will issue the appropriate penalty based on the DCI Penalty Guidelines. All disqualifications are subject to DCI review and further penalties may be assessed.

Cheating includes, but is not limited to, the following intentional activities:

- Receiving or giving outside assistance
- Looking at opponents' card faces while shuffling or cutting their decks
- Collusion to alter the results of a game or match (see section 25)
- Misrepresenting cards or rules
- Using marked cards/sleeves (see section 44)
- Drawing extra cards
- Illegally manipulating which cards are drawn from a player's deck or his or her opponent's deck
- Stalling the length of a turn to take advantage of a time limit

- Misrepresenting public information (point totals, statistics of cards in play, number of cards in a deck, and so on).
- Giving false or misleading information to a judge or tournament official

42. Unsporting Conduct

Unsporting conduct is unacceptable and will not be tolerated at any time. Judges, players, spectators, and tournament officials must behave in a polite, respectable, and sporting manner. Unsporting conduct includes, but is not limited to, using profanity, arguing with or act belligerently toward tournament officials, players or spectators, harassing spectators, tournament officials, or opponents, or failure to follow the instructions of a tournament official. All incidents of unsporting conduct are subject to the appropriate provisions of the DCI Penalty Guidelines and to further DCI review.

43. Slow Play

Players must take their turns in a timely fashion regardless of the complexity of the play situation. Playing too slowly or stalling for time is not acceptable. If a judge determines that a player is playing excessively slowly at any point during the tournament, the responsible player will be subject to the appropriate provisions of the DCI Penalty Guidelines.

44. Marked Cards

Players are responsible for ensuring that their cards and/or card sleeves are not marked. A card is considered marked if it bears something that makes it possible to identify the card without seeing its face, including scratches, discoloration, bends, and so on.

If a player's cards are sleeved, the sleeves are considered part of the cards, so the cards must be examined while in the sleeves to determine if they are marked. Players must use care when sleeving their decks and should randomize their decks prior to sleeving them to reduce the possibility of marked cards with a pattern.

Any card that is cut differently from the other cards in a player's deck may be considered marked if the entire contents of the deck are not placed in unmarked, completely opaque card sleeves. For example, Alpha cards are considered marked if they are mixed into a player's deck with cards from other sets at a **Magic** event. However, Alpha cards are not considered marked—and therefore do not have to be in opaque sleeves—if the entire deck consists of Alpha cards.

If a differently cut card has caused its sleeve to become worn differently than other sleeves in the deck, that sleeve is considered marked.

The head judge has the authority to determine if a card or series of cards in a player's deck is marked.

50. GENERAL CONSTRUCTED TOURNAMENT RULES

51. Previous Printings of Current Cards

Players may include cards from any printing if they appear in current card sets allowed in Constructed play by the appropriate game's DCI Floor Rules (as long as they do not have features that create "marked" cards [see section 44]).

52. Constructed-Format Deck Registration

The head judge or tournament organizer may require players to register their decks and sideboards (if applicable) upon arrival at a tournament. Registration records the original composition of each deck. Once a tournament official receives a player's decklist, the deck may not be altered. Failure to properly register a deck will result in the head judge applying the appropriate provisions of the DCI Penalty Guidelines.

53. Multi-day Tournaments

The list of cards and card sets that are tournament-legal on the first day of a multi-day tournament is the same for all days of that tournament.

Example: The Magic: the Gathering card set *Dissension*[™] becomes Standard-legal on May 20, 2006. If a multi-day Magic: the Gathering tournament is scheduled to start on May 18 and end on May 21, *Dissension* cards **would not be** Standard-legal for any day of the tournament, including May 20 and 21.

60. GENERAL LIMITED-TOURNAMENT RULES

The rules in this section apply to all Limited tournaments, including Sealed Deck (section 65) and Draft (section 70) tournaments.

61. Limited-Format Deck Registration

The head judge or tournament organizer may require players to record on a decklist every card they receive in a Limited tournament. Once the cards are registered, players have a limited amount of time to prepare their decks before play begins. Any cards players receive that are not used in their main decks are considered to be their sideboards. The DCI recommends, and in the case of enhanced K-values, requires that organizers check a reasonable number of decks against their decklists each round.

62. Card Use in Limited Tournaments

Cards used in Limited events must be received directly from tournament officials. This product must be new (previously unopened). Each player must be given the same quantity and type of product (decks and/or booster packs) as all the other players participating in the tournament. For example, if one player receives three *Fifth Dawn* boosters for a Booster Draft, all players must receive three *Fifth Dawn* boosters.

Players may use only the actual cards they receive or draft at a Limited tournament, and any additional specifically provided by the tournament organizer (for example, basic lands in the **Magic** game). Players may not trade or replace cards they receive or draft at a Limited tournament with any other cards, even if the replacement is an exact copy. If a card is damaged or otherwise considered "marked," players must comply with section 63, Abnormal Cards or Boosters.

63. Abnormal Cards or Boosters

Players who have an abnormal number of cards in the decks or booster packs they receive must inform the head judge, who may replace the deck or booster pack at his or her discretion in consultation with the tournament organizer. The head judge makes the final decision.

If a player receives a "marked" card (section 44), the head judge may replace that card with a proxy card at his or her discretion. (See section 34—Proxy Cards)

Neither Wizards of the Coast nor the tournament organizer guarantees any specific distribution of card rarities or frequency in a particular booster pack or deck.

64. Early Departure

Once a player in a Limited tournament has received sealed product, he or she may not withdraw from the event prior to the first match. Violation of this rule results in the offending participant receiving a loss for the match on the official tournament record (the opponent receives a win for the match) and being dropped from the tournament.

65. GENERAL SEALED DECK–TOURNAMENT RULES

Not all DCI-supported games feature Sealed Deck tournaments. Check the Limited Tournament Rules section of the specific game’s DCI Floor Rules for more information.

66. Deck Construction

Before tournament play begins, each player receives an assortment of sealed product. If decklists are being used, players have 20 minutes to register their decks. Each player then creates a tournament deck that meets the Sealed Deck size requirements found in the game’s DCI Floor Rules. Players have 30 minutes before the event begins to construct their decks.

The head judge or tournament organizer may require players to record on a decklist every card they intend to play in their main decks and/or sideboards. Failure to properly record the cards being played in the main decks will result in the head judge applying the appropriate provisions of the DCI Penalty Guidelines.

67. Sealed Deck Swap

A Sealed Deck event may require participants to perform a sealed deck swap. In a sealed deck swap, players do not play with the decks they originally receive at the event. Instead, the sealed products—as well as deck-registration sheets—are handed out to all players in the event. Players open their decks and record the contents on their deck-registration sheets. This process is called “registering a deck,” and 20 minutes is allowed for it. Tournament officials then collect the sealed product and the corresponding deck-registration sheets. Next, the tournament officials hand out decks randomly to all players. It is perfectly acceptable for some players to receive their original decks back at this point. This entire process is called a sealed deck swap. Players are then allowed 30 minutes to construct their decks (60 minutes for team events) from the product they have at that time.

70. GENERAL DRAFT-TOURNAMENT RULES

Not all DCI-sanctioned games feature Draft tournaments. Check the Limited Tournament Rules section of the specific game’s DCI Floor Rules for more information.

71. Player Distribution

Players assemble randomly into drafting circles (called pods) of roughly equal size at the discretion of the tournament organizer or head judge. A tournament official then distributes an identical set of new booster packs to each player in the pod.

Players within a pod may play only against other players within that pod.

Players may not talk or communicate to others during a draft. As players draft the cards, they must place their cards in one orderly pile in front of them. Drafted cards may be reviewed only between the drafting of each pack.

72. Draft Card Selection

Before the tournament begins, the head judge must announce how much time each player has to select a card. If a player fails to select a card in the time given, it is considered a Procedural Error—Minor. If the player is unable or unwilling to select a card, he or she is suspended from drafting and must construct a deck from whatever cards he or she has drafted so far.

73. Deck Construction

Once drafting is complete, players have 30 minutes to build decks from the cards they selected. These decks must meet the Limited deck-size requirements specified by the appropriate game's DCI Floor Rules. The head judge or tournament organizer may require players to record on a decklist every card they intend to use in their main decks, as well as all cards they drafted.

74. Booster Draft Procedure

Players may not take, give or receive any notes during a booster draft or during deck construction.

At a signal from a tournament official, each player opens his or her booster pack specified by the official and counts the cards. If a player does not have the appropriate number of cards in his or her booster pack, he or she must immediately notify the judge, who will replace the pack. The player chooses one card from the booster pack, and then passes the remaining cards face down to the player on his or her left. The opened packs are passed around the drafting pod—with each player taking one card each before passing—until all cards are drafted.

Once a player has removed a card from the pack and put it on the pile, it is considered selected and may not be returned to the pack. Players may not show their card selections or the contents of their current packs to other participants in the draft. Players are not permitted to send signals of any kind to other participants in the draft regarding any information about their own picks or what they want others to pick.

After each player's first pack is drafted, a tournament official will instruct players to open the next specified pack and draft in the same fashion, except that the direction of drafting is reversed—it now proceeds to the right. This process is repeated until all cards in all booster packs are drafted.

Booster Draft Timing

Cards remaining in pack	Time allotted
15 cards	40 seconds
14 cards	40 seconds
13 cards	35 seconds
12 cards	35 seconds
11 cards	30 seconds
10 cards	30 seconds
9 cards	25 seconds
8 cards	25 seconds
7 cards	20 seconds
6 cards	20 seconds
5 cards	15 seconds
4 cards	15 seconds
3 cards	10 seconds
2 cards	10 seconds
1 card	N/A

75. Rochester Draft Procedures

Players may not take any notes during a Rochester draft or during deck construction.

Once a player has indicated his or her drafting selection by touching a card, he or she may not select a different card.

When packs are opened, they should be laid out in the center of the table in three rows.

Before the tournament begins, the head judge must announce how much time each player has to select a card. If a player fails to select a card in the time given, the pod judge issues that player the “oldest” card still remaining from the booster pack.

Example: The active player lays out cards from a booster pack. The cards are considered to be in chronological order (1–15), where 1 is the first (oldest) card placed on the table, and 15 is the last (newest) card placed on the table. If a player fails to draft in a timely manner, the cards on the table are examined by the pod judge, and the first card that was placed on the table is given to that player. If that card has already been selected, the second card that was placed on the table is given, and so on.

During a Rochester draft, players must always display the most recent card they drafted in the current pack face up. When all cards are drafted from the current pack, players may move their cards from that pack to any position.

76. Rochester Draft Table Preparation

Booster packs are divided into groups before the draft table is set, with the number of packs in each group equaling the number of players participating in the draft. If the draft consists of packs from multiple card sets, each group must consist of packs from the same card set.

In preparation for each pack being drafted, the active player lays out the entire contents of the pack face up on the table, with the cards facing him or her (see Section 77, Rochester Draft—Active Player Rotation). Players are given 30 seconds to review the cards before drafting begins.

77. Rochester Draft—Active Player Rotation

The player drafting first from the cards presented on the table is called the active player. The first active player is the participant in the first seat, designated by the judge. All players in each drafting pod serve as the active player once for each booster pack group (see Section 76, Rochester Draft Table Preparation), with the active player moving between players as follows:

- in a clockwise direction for the first booster pack group (beginning with the first active player);
- in a counterclockwise direction for the second booster pack group (starting with the last active player in the first group);
- and returning to a clockwise direction for the third booster pack group (beginning again with the first active player).

78. Rochester Draft Order

The draft order moves in a horseshoe pattern, beginning with the active player, continuing around the table to the last participant in the group who has not yet drafted a card. The last player in the group selects two cards, instead of one, and drafting continues in reverse order, moving back to the player who began the drafting (the first person who drafted from the pack). If there are still cards remaining, the player who began the drafting selects two cards, and drafting continues again in the opposite direction. (This will only occur with 6- and 7-player Rochester draft.) Once all cards have been drafted, the table judge prepares the drafting area for the next booster pack.

Example #1: Eight players are seated around a table. They are numbered 1-2-3-4-5-6-7-8 in a clockwise order. The active player is Player 1. The first booster pack for Player 1 is opened and placed face up in front of Player 1. After the 30-second review period has expired, the draft order is as follows:

Player 1—card 1	Player 6—card 6	Player 6—card 11
Player 2—card 2	Player 7—card 7	Player 5—card 12
Player 3—card 3	Player 8—card 8	Player 4—card 13
Player 4—card 4	Player 8—card 9	Player 3—card 14
Player 5—card 5	Player 7—card 10	Player 2—card 15

The next pack to be opened would be Player #2's first booster.

Example #2: Seven players are seated around a table. They are numbered 1-2-3-4-5-6-7 in a clockwise order. The active player is Player 1. The first booster pack for Player 1 is opened and placed face up in front of Player 1. After the 30-second review period has expired, the draft order is as follows:

Player 1—card 1	Player 6—card 6	Player 4—card 11
Player 2—card 2	Player 7—card 7	Player 3—card 12
Player 3—card 3	Player 7—card 8	Player 2—card 13
Player 4—card 4	Player 6—card 9	Player 1—card 14
Player 5—card 5	Player 5—card 10	Player 1—card 15

The next pack to be opened would be Player #2's first booster.

80. DCI SANCTIONING RULES

Tournament organizers must follow the rules in this section when sanctioning events with the DCI. The DCI reserves the right to cancel or invalidate a DCI-sanctioned tournament at any time.

81. Participation Minimums

A minimum number of players are required to play in a DCI-sanctioned tournament for its results to be included in the appropriate set of ratings and rankings. These minimums are listed in each game's respective floor rules.

90. EVENT-REPORTING RULES

Receiving event reports in a correct and timely manner is fundamental to accurate and up-to-date DCI ratings. Tournament organizers must follow the rules outlined in this section when reporting their events.

91. Organizer Records

Tournament organizers are required to keep copies of all tournament reports for DCI-sanctioned events they run for one year. A tournament report includes all match results, as well as player warnings and disqualifications.

92. Event Report Deadline

Event reports are due to the DCI within eight days of a tournament's conclusion. Events results not checked into the DCI database are listed as "Not Received" for fourteen days after the date of the event.

93. Delinquent Tournaments

Event reports not received within fourteen days are listed as "Delinquent" in the DCI tournament database. Organizers with delinquent tournaments may lose the privilege of sanctioning future events.

94. Invalid Tournaments

Players' match records at events that become invalid will not count toward their DCI ratings and rankings.

The DCI reserves the right to invalidate reported results of any DCI-sanctioned tournament for any reason, but will usually do so only when fraudulent or incorrect results are reported by the organizer. Additionally, the DCI reserves the right to invalidate any event reports not received within thirty days of the tournament date.

95. Event Status Updates

Tournament organizers and players may check on an event's reporting status by visiting the DCI website at thedci.com. Additionally, the DCI sends regular updates to organizers informing them of the status of each of their sanctioned tournaments. If an organizer's event appears as "Delinquent" or "Invalid" on this report two months in a row, the DCI will investigate the organizer's reporting history and issue sanctioning penalties as appropriate.

The DCI reserves the right to adjust penalties on an individual basis due to extenuating circumstances.

96. Mandatory DCI Numbers

Tournament participants must be assigned a DCI membership number prior to participating in a DCI-sanctioned tournament. Results reported with temporary player numbers, player names, or placeholders will not be included in DCI ratings. Membership cards may not be faxed to the DCI.

97. Tournament Reports and Event Invitation Lists

Tournament reports must be received by the deadlines specified in the Ratings Deadline and Publication Schedules provided on the DCI website (**thedci.com**) in order to be included in the ratings calculations used to generate invitation and bye lists for premier events.

APPENDIX A—DCI RATING AND RANKING SYSTEMS

Elo Ratings System

The DCI produces Elo ratings for the all games it supports (see section 2 for a complete list of games)

The Elo player-rating system compares players' match records against their opponents' match records and determines the probability of the player winning the matchup. This probability factor determines how many points a players' rating goes up or down based on the results of each match. When a player defeats an opponent with a higher rating, the player's rating goes up more than if he or she defeated a player with a lower rating (since players should defeat opponents who have lower ratings). All new players start out with a base rating of 1600. The DCI uses the following equation to determine a player's win probability in each match:

$$\text{Win Probability} = \frac{1}{10^{((\text{Opponent's Rating} - \text{Player's Rating})/400)} + 1}$$

This probability is then used to recalculate each player's rating after the match. In the equation below, players receive 1 point if they win the match, 0 if they lose, and 0.5 for a draw. Players' new ratings are determined as follows:

$$\text{Player's New Rating} = \text{Player's Old Rating} + (\text{K-Value} * (\text{Scoring Points} - \text{Player's Win Probability}))$$

All players are rated at the beginning with the first match in which they play. Further ratings are calculated chronologically from that first match.

The DCI ranks players in geographic regions (continent, country, state, city, and so on) based on their Elo ratings to determine the top players in each area.

APPENDIX B—DEFINITIONS OF TERMS

Ante Card: Ante cards have the text "Remove [this card] from your deck before playing if you're not playing for ante." These cards usually have a game mechanic associated with a player "anteing" a card. Ante cards are found mainly in older **Magic: The Gathering** expansions and are not allowed in tournament play.

Banned Card: A card that is prohibited by the DCI in the indicated format. For example, the card Chaos Orb is banned from DCI-sanctioned Vintage **Magic** tournaments. This means that Chaos Orb is not allowed in any deck in Vintage Constructed **Magic** tournaments.

Constructed: A tournament in which players bring their own decks. Decks are built from a large pool of cards, depending on the exact format.

Corporate Employee: Any person, including temporary and contract workers, whose place of employment is a Wizards of the Coast or Hasbro office.

Additionally, the following people are ineligible to play in DCI-sanctioned tournaments:

- Former Wizards of the Coast® and Hasbro corporate employees until thirty days after their last day of employment. Former corporate employees may not play in Prerelease events until 6 months after their last day of employment with Wizards of the Coast or Hasbro.
- Employees of companies responsible for organized play in a region may not participate in DCI-sanctioned play (for example, Takara, Amigo Spiel, Devir.)
- Certain employees of companies identified by the DCI as strategic business partners.
- Play testers, reviewers and other business partners with significant knowledge of a card set may not play in Prerelease tournaments for that card set.

Other business contacts may present a conflict of interest by participating in DCI-sanctioned tournaments. Anyone with questions about their tournament eligibility should contact the Organized Play Policy Manager.

Cutting: One time only, removing a single portion of a deck and placing it on top of the remaining portion without looking at any of the card faces. Anything more than this one cut is considered a shuffle.

DCI: Organization dedicated to developing and maintaining tournament structures for trading card and miniatures games. Formerly an acronym for Duelists' Convocation International, the name is now simply the DCI.

Enhanced-K Tournament: In events for games that use Elo ratings (see appendix A), organizers may pick from a specified list of K-values to increase or limit the effect of match results on player ratings. Tournaments must meet certain criteria in order to receive an enhanced K-value.

Game Begins: A game is considered to have begun once all players have presented their decks to their opponents for shuffling/cutting.

Head Judge Determines: Decision based on the head judge's opinion.

Immediate Family: For purposes of DCI rules, the immediate family is considered to be 1) any person living in the same household as the employee or 2) a child of the employee.

K-Value: The maximum number of points a player's rating may go up or down based on the results of a single match within an event that uses the Elo ratings system (see appendix A).

Limited: A tournament in which players build their decks at the tournament from cards they have drafted or opened from packs. The three most common Limited formats are Sealed Deck, Booster Draft, and Rochester Draft.

Main Deck: The deck a player presents to his or her opponent during the first game of a match.

Match: A series of games between two players or teams that determines a winner. In many cases, the match winner defeats his or her opponent in a best-two-out-of-three-games series. See the appropriate game's DCI Floor Rules for more details.

Match Begins: A match begins when a tournament official announces the start of the match.

Premier Events: Any event that Wizards of the Coast runs itself or offers only to select tournament organizers. Examples of Premier Events: **Magic: The Gathering** Pro Tour events, Grand Prix tournaments, Junior Super Series Championships, **Dungeon and Dragons Miniatures** Championship, National Championships, Prerelease tournaments, Pro Tour Qualifiers, **MLB** Championships, Regional Championships, and World Championships.

Promo Card: Any playable card that is released by the manufacturer separate of any given card set.

Proxy Card: A card used during competition to represent another card (also counterfeit cards or any card that is not genuinely produced by the game's manufacturer).

Public Information: Refers to information that is available to all players in the match, such as statistics or card text that participants are required to share with tournament officials and opponents according to the rules of the appropriate game. For example, in most games, the number of cards in a player's hand is public information.

Rating: A numeric value published by the DCI that indicates a player's past performance in sanctioned tournaments.

Ranking: A value, based on a player's DCI rating, that indicates a player's position relative to the group he or she is being measured against. For example, a player may be ranked in first place in the city of Hamburg, Germany, but may be ranked in eighty-fifth place when compared to all of Europe.

Restricted Card: A card that is limited by the DCI to one per deck in the indicated format. For example, the card Black Lotus is restricted in DCI-sanctioned Vintage **Magic** tournaments. This means that only one Black Lotus is allowed per deck, including sideboard, in the Vintage format.

Round: The period during which match play takes place.

Round Begins: The time posted and/or announced by the head judge or tournament organizer for all players to be seated and ready for match play.

Scorekeeper: The scorekeeper is a tournament official whose responsibilities include receiving and recording all match/game results, constructing player seatings, ensuring accurate entry of match/game results, withdrawing players from the event, and so on. Tournament officials, such as the head judge or tournament organizer, may also be the scorekeeper for the event.

Single Elimination: A competition structure that eliminates players after one match loss. It may be necessary to award byes in the first round to create a situation in which there will be only two undefeated participants playing off in the last round of the event.

Swiss Rounds: Competition structure that allows players to participate in every round of the tournament. Single-elimination final rounds may follow Swiss rounds in some tournaments.

Tournament Begins: Once the onsite tournament registration closes, the tournament has begun.

Tournament Official: Any person who is empowered to maintain the tournament. This includes, but is not limited to, the tournament organizer, scorekeeper, other tournament staff, head judge, and all other judges (certified and non-certified). See section 10.

APPENDIX C— CHANGES FROM PREVIOUS VERSIONS

Changes from June 22, 2004 version

Section 3: Portions of this section moved to Appendix B.

Section 12: Clarifies that tournament organizers are responsible for taking reasonable steps to assure that suspended or otherwise ineligible DCI members do not participate in their DCI-sanctioned tournaments.

Changes from April 1, 2004 version

Header: Reference to Tournament Season removed.

Section 2: Games list updated.

Section 3: List of non-eligible players clarified to include all tournament officials for that event (also see changes to Appendix B).

Section 13: Clarifies that players are responsible for reporting errors in their match history. Clarifies that players are responsible for following the instructions of a tournament official.

Section 28: Clarifies that spectators may not take notes during drafts. Clarifies that modifications to a card may be considered by the Head Judge to be unsporting conduct.

Section 42: Unsporting conduct includes failure to follow the instructions of a tournament official.

Section 53: Section added.

Section 62: Clarifies that product distributed in a Limited event must be new. Clarifies that each player must receive identical product in a Limited event.

Section 74: Adds that players may not receive notes during a booster draft or during deck construction.

Section 80: Clarifies that the DCI may invalidate a tournament.

Section 81: Participation minimums moved to game floor rules.

Section 91: Adds player warnings and disqualification as part of what constitutes a tournament report.

Appendix A: Game list updated.

Appendix B: Definitions revised.

Appendix C: Section added (Changes From Previous Versions)

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